

BUSINESS STUDIES

What are the aims and intentions of this curriculum?

The aim of our Year 9 Curriculum in Business Studies is to develop and deepen the knowledge and understanding of students in business. It includes coherent and rigorous content which will enable students to understand more about the business world. This also enables students to develop as commercially minded and enterprising individuals who think critically. They will be able to draw on business information and evidence to develop arguments and make justified decisions. The business curriculum aims to motivate and challenge students, and prepare them to make informed decisions about further study and career pathways.

Term Topics	K	Inowledge and key terms	Skills developed	Assessment
Autumn 1 Business in the real the purpose and in businesses Business ownersh Setting business a objectives	nature of	 Purpose of business Reasons for starting a business Basic functions and types of business Business enterprise and entrepreneurship Dynamic nature of business Sole traders Partnerships Private limited companies (ltd) Public limited companies (plc) Not-for-profit organizations What are business aims and objectives? Purpose of setting objectives Role of objectives in running a business Changing objectives Use of objectives in judging success Diseconomies of scale 	Use business terminology to identify and explain business activity. Apply business concepts to familiar and unfamiliar contexts. Develop problem solving and decision making skills relevant to business. Investigate, analyze and evaluate business opportunities and issues.	 Case Study assessment Purpose and nature of business -pg. 9 Aims and objectives (textbook – pg. 29) Forms of businessespg. 19 MCQs Worksheets Short answer questions -pg 9,19,29 - .

Autumn 2	3.1.4 Stakeholders3.1.5 Business location3.1.6 Business planning3.1.7 Expanding a business	 Main stakeholders of businesses Objectives of stakeholders Impact of business activity on stakeholders Impact and influence stakeholders have on businesses Factors influencing the location decision of a business The purpose of business planning The main sections within a business plan Basic financial terms & calculations Methods of expansion Benefits and drawbacks of expansion Economies of scale 	Use business terminology to identify and explain business activity. Apply business concepts to familiar and unfamiliar contexts. Develop problem solving and decision making skills relevant to business. Investigate, analyse and evaluate business opportunities and issues.	Case Study assessment Stakeholders- pg. 33 Business location pg. 40 Expanding a business. Pg. 54 MCQs pgs. 33,40,53 Worksheets and short answer questions. End of unit assessments.
Spring 1	3.2.1 Technology 3.2.2 Ethical and environmental considerations 3.2.3 The economic climate on businesses	 E-commerce Digital communication Ethical considerations Environmental considerations Interest rates Level of employment Consumer spending 	Use business terminology to identify and explain business activity. Apply business concepts to familiar and unfamiliar contexts. Develop problem solving and decision making skills relevant to business. Investigate, analyse and evaluate business opportunities and issues. Make justified decisions using both qualitative and quantitative data including its selection, interpretation, analysis and evaluation.	Case study questions: Consumer law- pg.67 Ethical and environmental consideration- pg. 81 Worksheets and Short answer questions – pg.67,80,92 MCQs

3.2.4 Globalisation 3.2.5 Legislation 3.2.6 Competitive environment	 How UK businesses compete internationally. Employment law Health and Safety law Consumer law Impact on businesses of operating in competitive markets Uncertainty and risks businesses face 	Use business terminology to identify and explain business activity. Apply business concepts to familiar and unfamiliar contexts. Develop problem solving and decision making skills relevant to business. Investigate, analyse and evaluate business opportunities and issues.	Case study questions: Consumer law- pg. 126 Competitive environment Worksheets and Short answer questions pg. 105,126, MCQs End of topic assessment.
3.3.1 Production processes 3.3.2 The role of procurement	Methods of production: • job • flow. Efficiency in production: • lean production • just in time (JIT). Managing stock: • Just in time (JIT) • Just in case (JIC). Factors affecting choice of suppliers including: • price • quality • reliability. The effects of procurement and logistics on a business: • efficiency • lower unit costs. The value of effective supply chain management	Use business terminology to identify and explain business activity. Apply business concepts to familiar and unfamiliar contexts. Develop problem solving and decision making skills relevant to business. Investigate, analyse and evaluate business opportunities and issues.	Case study questions: O JIT & JIC O Supply Chain Management pg. 139. O Procurement- Pg.147 Worksheets and Short answer questions pg. 139, 146 MCQs

Summer 2	3.3.3 The concept of quality	Consequences of quality issues	Apply business concepts to familiar and unfamiliar contexts.	Case study questions:
	3.3.4 Good customer services	Methods of maintaining consistent	dilialilliai contexts.	O Quality pg. 152
		quality	Develop problem solving and decision making skills relevant to business.	Customer service
		 Costs and benefits of maintaining quality: 		pg.159
		Methods of good service:	Investigate, analyse and evaluate business opportunities and issues.	Worksheets and
				Short answer questions pgs. 152, 159
		Benefits of good customer service,		MCQs
		Dangers of poor customer service,		End of topic test.
		The ways in which advances in ICT have		Ella of topic test.
		allowed customer services to develop		